Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method to perform channel estimation, comprising: receiving a first training sequence;

estimating a maximum likelihood estimate of a channel impulse response using said first received training sequence;

receiving a second training sequence; and

estimating at least one channel impulse response estimate using said maximum likelihood estimate and said second received training sequence, wherein estimating said channel impulse response estimate comprises: receiving said maximum likelihood estimate, generating a set of threshold values using said maximum likelihood estimate, generating a set of candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors using said threshold values, and selecting said channel impulse response estimate from one of said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein estimating said maximum likelihood estimate comprises:

filtering said first received training sequence using a filter matched to said first received training sequence to form a first set of vectors for a matrix; and

transforming said matrix to form said maximum likelihood estimate.

Appl. No. 10/597,735 Response Dated March 10, 2010 Reply to Office Action of January 12, 2010 Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139 Examiner: Adnan Baig TC/A.U. 2461

- 3. (Canceled).
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein generating said set of threshold values solves the following equation:

$$t_{j} = \frac{\max_{k=0, L-1} \left| \hat{h}_{k}^{ML} \right|}{N} j$$

where $\mathbf{t} = [t_1,...,t_N]$ is a set of thresholds, j = 1,...,N, L represents a channel impulse response length, $\hat{\mathbf{h}}^{ML}$ represents said maximum likelihood estimate, \hat{h}_k^{ML} represents the k-th tap of maximum likelihood estimate of said channel impulse response, and k = 0,...,L-1.

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein generating said set of candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors solves the following equation:

$$\hat{h}_{k}^{(j)} = \begin{cases} \hat{h}_{k}^{ML}, & \text{if } \left| \hat{h}_{k}^{ML} \right| \ge t_{j} \\ 0, & \text{if } \left| \hat{h}_{k}^{ML} \right| < t_{j} \end{cases}$$

where $\hat{\mathbf{h}}^{(j)} = [\hat{\mathbf{h}}^{(1)},...,\hat{\mathbf{h}}^{(N)}]$ is a set of candidate channel impulse response estimates, j = 1,...,N, $\hat{h}_k^{(j)}$ is k-th tap of j-th candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors, $\mathbf{t} = [t_1,...,t_N]$ is a set of thresholds, and $\hat{\mathbf{h}}^{ML}$ represents said maximum likelihood estimate.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said selecting comprises:

Examiner: Adnan Baig TC/A.U. 2461

filtering said first received training sequence using said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors to form a second set of vectors;

determining a set of distance values between said second set of vectors and said second received training sequence;

selecting a minimum distance value from said set of distance values; and selecting said channel impulse response estimate vector using said minimum distance value.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving said channel impulse response estimate at a crosstalk filtering module to form a channel impulse response matrix;

creating a crosstalk suppression filter matrix based on said channel impulse response matrix; and

filtering a plurality of data streams received over a channel for a multiple input multiple output system to reduce crosstalk between said data streams using said crosstalk suppression filter matrix.

8. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:

a maximum likelihood estimator to generate a maximum likelihood estimate using a first received training sequence; and

a channel tap estimator to couple to said maximum likelihood estimator, said channel tap estimator to receive said maximum likelihood estimate and a second received training sequence, said channel tap estimator to generate at least one channel impulse

Appl. No. 10/597,735

Response Dated March 10, 2010

Reply to Office Action of January 12, 2010

TC/A.U. 2461

Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139

Examiner: Adnan Baig

response estimate using said maximum likelihood estimate and said second received

training sequence, wherein said channel tap estimator comprises: a threshold generator to

receive said maximum likelihood estimate and generate a set of threshold values using

said maximum likelihood estimate; a candidate channel impulse response generator to

receive said threshold values, and to generate a set of candidate channel impulse response

estimate vectors using said threshold values; and a channel impulse response selector to

receive said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors and a minimum

distance value, said channel impulse response selector to use said candidate channel

impulse response estimate vectors and said minimum distance value to select said

channel impulse response estimate from one of said candidate channel impulse response

estimate vectors.

9. (Original) The system of claim 8, wherein said maximum likelihood estimator

comprises:

a filter to receive said first received training sequence, said filter to filter said first

received training sequence to form a first set of vectors for a matrix; and

a matrix transformer to transform said matrix to form said maximum likelihood

estimate.

10. (Canceled).

11. (Original) The system of claim 8, further comprising:

5

Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139

a filter to receive said first received training sequence and said candidate channel

impulse response estimate vectors, said filter to filter said first received training sequence

using said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors to form a second set of

vectors;

a distance calculator to receive a second training sequence and said second set of

vectors, said distance calculator to determine a set of distance values between said second

set of vectors and said second received training sequence; and

a minimum selector to receive said distance values and select a minimum distance

value from said set of distance values, and output said minimum distance value to said

channel impulse response selector.

12. (Original) The system of claim 8, further comprising:

a communications medium;

a plurality of transmitters to connect to said communications medium, with each

transmitter to transmit a data stream over said communications medium using a

communications channel;

a plurality of receivers to connect to said communications medium, said plurality

of receivers to receive said data streams from said communications channel; and

a crosstalk filtering module to connect to said plurality of receivers, said crosstalk

filtering module to receive said channel impulse response estimate and use said channel

impulse response estimate to filter said data streams to reduce crosstalk signals incurred

by said data streams during said transmission.

6

Appl. No. 10/597,735 Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139 Response Dated March 10, 2010

Reply to Office Action of January 12, 2010

TC/A.U. 2461

Examiner: Adnan Baig

13. (Original) The system of claim 12, further comprising a plurality of equalizers to

connect to said filtering module, said equalizers to equalize said filtered data streams

using a set of substantially similar equalization parameters.

14. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein said crosstalk filtering module

comprises:

a channel impulse response matrix generator to generate a channel impulse

response matrix;

a crosstalk suppression filter matrix generator to generate a crosstalk suppression

filter matrix using said channel impulse response matrix; and

a filter to filter said data streams using said crosstalk suppression filter matrix.

15. (Currently Amended) An article comprising:

A computer readable storage medium;

said computer readable storage medium including stored instructions that, when

executed by a computer processor, result in performing channel estimation by receiving a

first training sequence, estimating a maximum likelihood estimate of a channel impulse

response using said first received training sequence, receiving a second training

sequence, estimating at least one channel impulse response estimate using said maximum

likelihood estimate and said second received training sequence, estimating said channel

impulse response estimate by receiving said maximum likelihood estimate, generating a

set of threshold values using said maximum likelihood estimate, generating a set of

candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors using said threshold values, and

7

Appl. No. 10/597,735 Response Dated March 10, 2010

Reply to Office Action of January 12, 2010

Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139 Examiner: Adnan Baig TC/A.U. 2461

selecting said channel impulse response estimate from <u>one of</u> said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors.

- 16. (Previously Presented) The article of claim 15, wherein the stored instructions, when executed by a computer processor, further result in estimating said maximum likelihood estimate by filtering said first received training sequence using a filter matched to said first received training sequence to form a first set of vectors for a matrix, and transforming said matrix to form said maximum likelihood estimate.
- 17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Previously Presented) The article of claim 15, wherein the stored instructions, when executed by a computer processor, further result in said selecting by filtering said first received training sequence using said candidate channel impulse response estimate vectors to form a second set of vectors, determining a set of distance values between said second set of vectors and said second received training sequence, selecting a minimum distance value from said set of distance values, and selecting said channel impulse response estimate vector using said minimum distance value.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The article of claim 15, wherein the stored instructions, when executed by a computer processor, further result in receiving said channel impulse response estimate at a crosstalk filtering module to form a channel impulse response matrix, creating a crosstalk suppression filter matrix based on said channel impulse

Docket No.: P17139/1020.P17139 Examiner: Adnan Baig TC/A.U. 2461

response matrix, and filtering a plurality of data streams received over a channel for a multiple input multiple output system to reduce crosstalk between said data streams using said crosstalk suppression filter matrix.

20. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

estimating a second maximum likelihood estimate of a channel impulse response using said second received training sequence;

estimating a second channel impulse response estimate using said second maximum likelihood estimate and said first received training sequence; and averaging said channel impulse response estimates to find an averaged channel impulse response estimate.

21. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving an *i*-th training sequence;

estimating an M channel impulse response estimate using said i-th training sequence; and

averaging said M channel impulse response estimates to find an averaged channel impulse response estimate.